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REPORT

ON

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WEEK

2ND OCTOBER TO 8TH OCTOBER 1972

सत्यमेव जयते

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT)

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PART I

ALL INDIA REVIEW ON COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WEEK, 2ND TO 8TH OCTOBER, 1972

INTRODUCTION

The Community Development programme has been responsible for the establishment of a unified field agency for extension, coverage of the entire rural India by a minimum frame of development and creation of people's representative institutions at grass-root levels. However, a social idea has vitality in the degree in which it has inner content and physical proportion. Realising that the intrinsic and continuing appeal of Community Development depends more on the manner in which and the extent to which it can grow from within on the basis of self-reliance as well as on its capacity to serve the social, economic and emotional needs of the local community, the necessity for celebrating a national Community Development Week was felt. The observance of Community Development Week is therefore, intended to re-affirm faith in the philosophy and objectives of Community Development movement and to stress self-reliance in the village community.

The celebration of Community Development Week started on 2nd October, since none among our national leaders showed greater concern for the well being of rural India and greater faith in the capacity of village democracy than Mahatma Gandhi, whose birth day falls on the same date. It is also reminiscent of the fact that the first set of Community Development blocks in India was inaugurated on Gandhi's birthday in 1952. Starting with 1970, Community Development Week was celebrated for the last three years. Besides concerned Government departments and agencies at various levels and the local people's representative institutions, all India voluntary organisations which are engaged in social welfare and rural development work through their local units at the block and other levels also took active participation in the celebration of the Community Development Week. The third Community Development Week was observed throughout the country from 2nd to 8th October, 1972.

The fundamental object of the Community Development programme was to create in village community a general consciousness of local problems, to stimulate initiative in dealing with them and to develop a new dynamism among the people as the essential factor in sustaining all round development. This basic theme was kept in view in chalking out the programmes for the Community Development Week. Though the celebration centered round certain programmes and institutions, larger participation of the community as a whole was the main objective, since this could substantiate the efficacy of community action as means of achieveing beter life for all members of the community.

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Fully appreciating its national importance, the celebration of the Week was organised at Union, State, District and Block levels. The Ministry of Information and Broadcasting was highly instrumental in organising an energetic and objective publicity drive. The well planned activities touched upon the life of all sections of the community and manifested enthusiastic community participation. A bird's eye view of the activities organised at various levels in this connection is given in the following pages.

ACTIVITIES AT THE UNION LEVEL

Inauguration

A message from the Minister for Agriculture Shri Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed on the eve of 2nd October, marked the inauguration of the activities at the national level. Stressing the necessity of equitable distribution of the fruits of development among the rural population, the Minister for Agriculture referred to the various schemes designed for rural development and asserted that these schemes serve the twin objects of development and fair distribution. Integrated Area Development approach was hailed as instrumental in realising accelerated rate of growth in the villages. Text of Minister's speech is at Annexe I.

Press Conference

On 25th September, 1972 the Minister of Community Development in the Ministry of Agriculture, Prof. Sher Singh addressed a Press Conference in connection with the third Community Development Week. The Minister reviewed the changes that had come over in the rural community as a result of two decades of Community Development Programmes. In his speech he briefly touched upon different schemes like Crash Scheme for Rural Employment. Applied Nutrition Programme and Pilot Research Projects for Growth Centres etc. and explained the "Jayanti Village Scheme" which was to be started during the Community Development Week. He answered questions of the Press representatives on Community Development and allied topics.

Publicity Programmes

The Ministry of Information and Broadcasting undertook a variety of publicity measures through its various Divisions, viz., All India Radio and Television Centre, Films Division, Directorate of Advertising and Visual Publicity, Song and Drama Division, and Press Information Bureau etc. A brief description of the programmes undertaken by these agencies is given below:—

Radio : In many of the States and Union Territories, the Community Development Week was inaugurated with a broadcast by the Chief Minister/Administrator at the regional station of the All-India

Radio. Various programmes with focus on people's participation such as talks, features, campering programmes, discussions, dialogues, seminars, symposia and plays were broadcast during the Week by almost forty stations of the All India Radio. Details of the programmes are given at Annexe II.

Television : The New Delhi Television Centre utilized its 'Krishi Darshan' programme during the Week for highlighting activities of Community Development in rural areas. The programme included a message on Community Development Block from Shri Mange Ram (Executive Councillor, Delhi Metropolitan Council), a documentary film on rural development, a discussion on Community Development Week illustrated with development work in Alipur Block between Dr. D. Paul Chowdhry, Director, Public Cooperation, Department of Community Development and Shri Sher Singh Saini, Farm Management-cum-Production Specialist, Delhi Administration.

Films : During the third Community Development Week, the Films Division had released a documentary film "Markfed Marches Ahead", which was screened in the cinema houses. A newsreel coverage of the Community Development Project at Baruipur in the District of 24-Parganas was featured in Indian News Review No. 1250 released on 29-9-7972 under the caption "The Changing Village".

Visual Publicity : The Directorate of Advertising and Visual Publicity brought out a poster entitled 'Panchayati Raj Builds Rural India', 2,50,000 copies of which were printed in various languages. Besides, a poster with the slogan 'Join A Cooperative' and a brochure entitled 'Cooperatives for Weaker Sections' were also brought out.

Exhibition : Exhibitions on a variety of subjects were organised in different parts of the country by the Field Exhibition Units of the Exhibition Division of the Directorate of Advertising and Visual Publicity, during the Community Development Week. Gandhi exhibitions were organised by the Field Exhibition Units of Dubri (Assam), Panaji (Goa), Kupwere (J&K), Kavarati (Laccadive Islands), Bhopal and Rewa (Madhya Pradesh), Imphal (Manipur), Mysore, Dharwar, Gulbarga and Bellary (Mysore) and Shillong (Meghalaya). The Salem (Tamil Nadu) Unit held exhibition on 'Community Development' and the Cannore (Kerala) unit arranged exhibition on 'Dignity of Labour'. The Ahmedabad (Gujarat) unit gave programme support to "Khadi and Gramodyog Exhibition" at Gandhi Nagar. These exhibitions were widely praised and largely attended to.

Field Publicity : The Field Publicity organisation combined the celebration of the Gandhi Jayanti with those of Community Development Week Programme. The programmes were intended to highlight

the themes of rural development, eradication of untouchability, self-reliance and people's participation in nation-building activities. Programmes like exhibitions, discussions, symposia, public meetings, film shows and live entertainments were organised at about 70 places in different States and Union Territories. The units of field publicity had moved into villages and obtained the cooperation of the Block Development Officers. Details of the programmes arranged by the field units in various states/U.Ts. are given in Annexe III.

Song and Drama : The Song and Drama Division presented about 150 programmes of various stage media such as dramas, composite programmes, folk recitals, puppet shows, religious discourses, ballads, etc. in different parts of India through its own troupes and private parties registered with it. Community Development, Panchayati Raj, self-reliance, etc. were some of the themes of these performances.

Press Reports : The message from Shri Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed (Minister of Agriculture) on the eve of the Community Development Week was released by the Press Information Bureau for press publicity. It highlighted the concepts of growth centre and Integrated Area Development. A Press Conference was addressed by Hon'ble Minister of State (Agriculture), Prof. Sher Singh. The Press Information Bureau issued a backgrounder on the evolution of the Community Development and Panchayati Raj movement which threw light on Central schemes like composite programme for Women and Pre-school Children. Applied Nutrition Programme, Pilot Research Project in Growth Centres, Crash Scheme for Rural Employment and Jayanti Village Scheme. Press Information Bureau also issued features highlighting various activities in the field of Community Development accompanied by suitable photographs. The features were entitled "Garibi Hatao", "Farmers Busy Installing a Pumping Set", "Light in the Darkness" and "Nutrition" Features entitled "New Directions in Rural Development (by Prof. Sher Singh) "Jayanti Villages—Monuments of Permanent Value", "Emergence of New Diary Units", "Small Farmers Development Agency. Helps Small Farmers" etc. were also published. These were also translated into regional languages. Details given in Annexe IV would indicate that 36 Newspapers in English, Hindi and other languages carried articles and features connected with different aspects of rural development during the Week from 22 Centres.

Journals/magazines : The following journals/magazines brought out special articles and issues on Community Development:—

Kurukshetra, an official magazine of the Department of Community Development had brought out its special twentieth anniversary number on the eve of the Community Development Week. The special articles published therein sought to spell out the concept of "Growth with justice in the context of rural India. It carried a message from Shri

Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed, Minister of Agriculture. Apart from other articles on Community Development, the journal also contained prize winning photographs and a feature on 'Applied Nutrition Programme in Kolar'.

Samaj Kalyan's October issue contained articles on Nutrition and other topics relating to Community Development.

Panchayat Aur Insan's October issue was devoted to articles having special relevance to the Community Development Week. It also contained features entitled Panchayati Raj in Punjab and Harijan unrest in U.P.

Voluntary Action, an official journal of Association of Voluntary Agencies for Rural Development, brought out the Community Development Number which focussed on the theme "Challenge of Third Community Development Decade".

Social Welfare, published in its October issue a number of articles, features and photo features related to the different aspects of Community Development movement.

A list of about 50 articles published in these journals is given at Annexe V.

National Institute of Community Development

The celebration of the third C.D. Week in the Rajendra Nagar campus of the National Institute of Community Development was highly enthusiastic. The cooperation and help rendered by the local institutions had imparted an aura of popular involvement to the programme. The programme for the Week was chalked out in consultation with heads of local institutions. The Week which synchronised with the commencement of the 78th orientation course for senior personnel of State Governments was inaugurated by Shri Hayagreevachari, Minister, Panchayati Raj, Andhra Pradesh Government and the heads of local institutions and Block organisations, representatives of Andhra Pradesh Government, Station Director of All India Radio, Principal of Central Detective Training School, the Press and others participated. In his inaugural address, the Minister stressed the relevance of Community Development and Panchayati Raj in ameliorating the lot of the weaker sections of rural society. The "Bapuji Colony" in the Premavathipat village of Rajendranagar Block was also inaugurated by the Minister.

The whole week was replete with activities. A demonstration of plant protection services was organised at the Central Plant Protection Training Institute, Rajendranagar. Shri C. Narasimham, I.A.S. (Retired) (Chairman of the High Power Committee on Panchayati Raj constituted by Andhra Pradesh Government) spoke on "Future of Community

Development and Panchayati Raj" at the College of Veterinary Sciences, Rajendranagar. A National Integration pledge was administered at the local institutions to their respective staff and the participants of the courses. A debate on Community Development and Socialism at Training Institute under the Presidentship of the Secretary, Panchayati Raj Department, Andhra Pradesh was arranged. The participants in the debate were mostly trainees of the National Institute of Community Development, senior Government officials and academicians. Best speakers were awarded prizes by the Dean of Students of Andhra Pradesh Agriculture University. At the Home Science Wing of the Gram Sevak Training Centre, Rajendranagar, an Arts and Crafts exhibition-cum-demostration on nutritive food was organised with active cooperation of the Panchayat and Block officials, trainees and other local institutions. Prizes were awarded for best exhibits in the Arts and Crafts exhibition and best babies in the Baby Show. At the Government High School, Rajendranagar sports and games and kitchen gardening activities were organised with award of prizes by the Block Development Officer, Rajendranagar who donated a sum of Rs. 50. Farmers' Day programme was spread over two days and attended by about 200 farmers who shared the experiences in adopting innovations in crop husbandry, particularly in paddy and cotton. Study visits of progressive farmers to various local institutions were arranged. The Cooperative Training College, Rajendranagar organised a discussion on Cooperation, Community Development and Panchayati Raj. At the State Institute of Community Development and Panchayati Raj, Rajendranagar a symposium on 'Applied Nutrition Programme' and demonstration of nutritious food was successfully arranged. The closing function was presided over by its Acting Dean and was attended by the trainees and the staff of National Institute of Community Development and heads of local institutions at Rajendranagar.

A new feature of the third Community Development Week was the introduction of the programme of bringing in progressive farmers to narrate their success-stories in the field of agricultural development.

Other Central Departments

In view of the fact that Community Development aims at integrated development of rural India, it was found necessary to dovetail various programmes of social and economic development with the celebration of the Community Development Week. An ad-hoc Committee was set up in the Department of Community Development. The concerned Central Ministries/Departments such as Information and Broadcasting, Cooperation, Education, Social Welfare, Health, Family Planning, Postal services were represented in the Ad-hoc Committee as members. Three Central Departments actively associated themselves in observance of the Week by issuing general guidelines to their counterpart Department at the State level. The field units of these Departments

collaborated with the Community Development machinery and Panchayati Raj institutions. Since all the activities, whether by Block machinery or by lower formations of other Central Departments and Ministries, were ultimately organised at the local levels, details of the collaboration with these Ministries/Departments need not be mentioned.

However, the Ministry of Health and Family Planning made arrangements for the inauguration of new Health Centres in the Rural areas and organisation of special campaigns for the prevention and eradication of communicable diseases. The activities of Family Planning were intensified during the Week. The Department of Social Welfare initiated special programmes in the Tribal Development Blocks. The Central Social Welfare Board, through its programme of Family and Child Welfare intensified activities for women and children in rural areas. The Department of Education, likewise, issued instructions to the State Education Directorates to utilise the educational institutions for participation in the Community Development Week. The Department of Agriculture intensified its efforts for better agricultural production, through schemes like Small Farmers Development Agency, Marginal Farmers and Agricultural Labourers, Rural Manpower, Dry Farming, Multiple Cropping etc, Similarly, cooperative movement also received impetus during the Week by various steps initiated by Cooperative Departments. A special bilingual slogan was used by the Posts and Telegraphs Department for franking postal articles on 7th October, 1972 in fifty major post offices in the country. The slogan read as "Community Development Only Hope of Masses". Fifteen new post offices were opened in rural areas during the Week.

Voluntary Organisations

An important feature of the observance of the Community Development Week was that a number of All India Voluntary Organisations through their State and Local units participated in the Observance of Community Development Week. They organised programmes and services in the rural areas independently as well as in cooperation with the block machinery and the Panchayati Raj institutions.

All India Boy Scouts Association : The All India Boy Scouts Association and its State and District Branches organised a variety of social service activities in connection with the third C.D. Week. The programmes organised in the Union Territory of Delhi and the States of Rajasthan, U.P., Madhya Pradesh, Manipur, West Bengal, Orissa, Punjab, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh etc. are worth mentioning. In Delhi Hon'ble Mr. Justice Vyas Dev Misra, Chief Commissioner for India inaugurated the Week at a Rally of the blind scouts. At a meeting held at Chhatari Hut (Scout Home) the necessity of public cooperation for the development was discussed. The youth accompanied

by the Rover Scouts undertook a cleanliness campaign in the neighbouring villages. Dr. Sneh Lata Misra, incharge Primary Health Centre, gave talks on Family Planning. Medical clinics run by the Delhi branch of the Association were replenished with added facilities. Small pox inocculation were given to children. The Rajasthan branch of the Association launched sanitation drive and grow more food campaign. In Madhya Pradesh, the Scouters, Rovers and scouts obtained training in traffic control and performed their duties with the local police. The Rovers in Ahmedabad constructed a short patch of road, leading to the University. The non-scout students also participated in this endeavour. In Baroda, the Scouters and Rovers visited the patients in various hospitals and distributed books and magazines. Besides, camp fires were also held to cheer the patients. Services for the patients in the hospitals and cleanliness drive were the main activities undertaken by the U.P. branch. In Manipur, West Bengal and Orissa, National Integration Campaign and training in Civil Defence for the youths were organised. Village uplift work and campaign for national integration were the main programmes in Maharashtra and Andhra Pradesh. In Punjab, Haryana and Himachal Pradesh, programmes connected with adult education, Grow More Food Campaign and cleanliness drive formed part of the programmes for the Week. Masses were persuaded to purchase national savings certificates. Blood donations were also encouraged. Public meetings were held and films were shown. The interest evinced by the Association in evolving a constructive approach towards the eradication of mal-practices among children and youth is worth mentioning.

Bharatiya Grameen Mahila Sangh : One of the items of observance of Community Development Week by the Bharatiya Grameen Mahila Sangh was a function organised at Sisana Village, in Bhagpat Community Development Block in Meerut District on the 8th October, 1972 in collaboration with the Department of Community Development. Welcoming the guests Shri Munni Lal, the Pramukh of Bhagpat Block said that rapid changes were taking place in rural life because of joint efforts of Government and the rural community. Smt. Mohinder Kaur, President and Chairman of Bharatiya Grameen Mahila Sangh, Dr. D. Paul Chowdhry, Director of Public Cooperation (Deptt. of Community Development), Shri S. R. Mohsini, Principal Jamia School of Social Work, Shri R. K. Sharma, Extension Training Centre and Mrs. A. Wahabuddin Ahmed, Hon. General Secretary (B.G.M.S.) spoke on the occasion. The topics were "role of Community Development in the rural set up", "the noble work done by Bharatiya Grameen Mahila Sangh in the field of Community Development", "the relation of Community Development work with the welfare of rural India" and "role of women in the field of Community Development". Mrs. A. Wahabuddin Ahmed reviewed the work done by Bharatiya Grameen Mahila Sangh in rural development. The meeting was well attended by the local

people including village women. An exhibition on Nutrition was also arranged on the occasion. The Kerala State Branch organised a seminar for women workers. The West Bengal State Branch also celebrated the Community Development Week arranging demonstration on protein food. The Bharatiya Grameen Mahila Sangh branches at Jullundur and Kapurthala also celebrated the Week in a befitting manner arranging inter-alia, baby shows, arts and crafts exhibitions etc.

Nanhi Duniya : Nanhi Duniya (The International Movement of Children and their Friends) observed the third Community Development Week by arranging suitable rural programmes. Hoisting of national flags and short speeches on the life of Mahatma Gandhi marked the inauguration of the Week. Sanitation and cleanliness drive with Shramdan was taken up. Spinning and cultural programmes were arranged. Rural women's committees were formed with a view to enlighten the village women on the role of the Community Development Programme. The members of the Committee, were also to look after the Nutrition programmes. The committees also tried to impress upon the village women the importance of family planning. The programmes ended on 9th October, with a cultural show and distribution of sweets to children.

Bharat Krishak Samaj : Various State branches of Bharat Krishak Samaj organised different types of functions with the cooperation of the concerned State Department. Reports received from the State branches indicate that the Samaj undertook a good deal of constructive and welfare programmes. In Maharashtra, public meetings were organised in the villages of Asoda, Padalsa and Kosgaon at which the importance of family planning and increased agricultural production were stressed. Cleanliness campaign was also organised. Distribution of cloths to orphans was an important feature of the programme undertaken by the Tamil Nadu branch. Starting of kitchen gardens, organising group songs and games for children, public meetings and talk on topics like nutrition and sanitation etc. were also carried out. Special significance was attached to this year's celebrations by Bharat Krishak Samaj in view of the Independence Jayanti.

Federation of Organisations working for children in India : All the fifty two affiliated units of the Federation were requested to celebrate the Week in a befitting manner. Most of the organisations took active part in the celebrations. Their programmes were mostly for child welfare, particularly in backward areas. Meetings of parents were held. With their help national integration camps and gatherings for children were organised. Some organisations distributed free milk and medicines during the Week. Films on various aspects of child welfare were also shown. A family planning campaign was also undertaken.

Balkan-Ji Bari : The Association observed the Week by arranging cleanliness programmes in slums and village huts. In Bombay, songs, skits and other entertainment programmes were held on the 2nd October. The children at the National Headquarters received training in different handicrafts. They also made useful and beautiful materials. These articles were displayed in an exhibition arranged on the last day of the Week. In Bapugaon, the children of the Balkan-Ji Bari Ashram, went in a procession singing national songs requesting the villagers to keep the houses and streets clean. They themselves sweeped some of the dirty spots. Spinning programmes and community meals were also arranged. Nutritive food, medicine and garments were distributed to the children. Sports and recreational programmes were arranged as part of the celebrations. In the veledictory function, stories from Mahatma Gandhi's life were related to the audience.

Other Voluntary Agencies : Apart from the above organisations a few other All-India Voluntary organisations like Bharatiya Adim Jati Sevak Sangh, Indian Red Cross Society, Y.W.C.A., Y.M.C.A., All India Panchayat Parishad and Harijan Sevak Sangh also participated in the celebration of the third Community Development Week. The Bharatiya Adim Jati Sevak Sangh chalked out programme having a bearing on the main theme of the Silver Jubilee celebrations of Independence. The State branches of the Indian Red Cross Society organised programmes both independently and in cooperation with the Panchayati Raj institutions. The Y.W.C.A. gave publicity to the programmes proposed for the third Community Development Week through its official magazine, 'The Mirror'. A few Y.M.C.As. also participated in the celebrations. The State branches of the All India Panchayat Parishad cooperated with the State Governments and Panchayati Raj institutions with a view to organising people's effort for all round development during the Week. Special efforts were made by the Harijan Sevak Sangh for the removal of untouchability and getting public places opened to Harijans. It also carried out special programmes of mobile exhibitions of feature films. Efforts at diverting Harijans from ancestral occupations to those which are non-caste based were also undertook by them.

STATE AND LOCAL LEVELS

In celebrating the Week, emphasis was laid on the activities at the State and lower levels. All the States and Union Territories observed the Week. Details of the activities undertaken in different States are furnished at Part II of the report (Reports from some of the States/ Union Territories are yet to be received).

State Level

This year the State Governments/Union Territory Administrations bestowed special significance to the celebration of the Community Development Week, in view of the 25th anniversary of Independence. In

many States a Committee of Directions was set up with officers from concerned Departments, for organising and coordinating the various activities. The Committee of Directions gave broad guidelines to District and Block authorities regarding the manner of celebrating the Week. In Rajasthan the lower formations were given instructions quite in advance in the month of May. The celebrations started, invariably in all States with a broadcast by the Chief Ministers or the Ministers for Community Development/Administrators at the local stations of the A.I.R. The achievements of the two decades of Community Development were reviewed in these broadcasts. Other programmes organised at the State level include speeches by Ministers and officers in the Community Development Department, and a host of publicity programmes like seminars, exhibitions, publishing articles, special issues of official magazines, film shows and dramas. Government of West Bengal utilised the State Publicity Department and private organisations for the purpose. In Rajasthan, special issues of leading dailies were published during the Week. Rajasthan Vikas, the monthly organ of the Community Development and Panchayati Raj Department brought out a special number on the occasion.

In the Union Territory of Chandigarh, a grand exhibition was arranged with the cooperation of all the concerned departments. The village complex selected for the development during the Silver Jubilee year was made the nucleous for agricultural activities, in Rajasthan. The State Government have also proposed the construction of a Kisan Bhavan which is designed to cater to the requirements of the farmers. In Pondicherry, a procession was organised as part of the Health and Sanitation programme. These instances are illustrative of the wide variety of programmes carried out at the State level during the third Community Development Week.

Local Level : Most of the activities during the Community Development Week were carried out at block and village levels. Zila Parishads, Panchayat Samitis, Village Panchayats, Cooperatives and other voluntary agencies played a key role in implementing the programmes suggested by the Committee of Directions formed at the State level. A multitude of field programmes embracing almost all facets of rural life were undertaken at the local level. These may be grouped under agriculture, construction activities, cooperation, village industries, health and sanitation, nutrition, family planning education, social education, youth welfare, culture and recreation and special programmes for the weaker sections. Training camps, exhibitions and demonstrations in agricultural inputs like good variety seeds, fertilisers were generally undertaken in all States. Dissemination of plant protection techniques and soil conservation activities were carried out. Attention was devoted to enhance the loan facility for small and marginal farmers. Various projects under Crash Scheme for Rural Employment were initiated during the Week.

Creation of a village complex as the nucleus of rural development activities in Rajasthan was a novel feature of the celebrations. Emphasis was laid on agriculture production programme. Exhibitions of articles pertaining to rural arts and crafts and attempts at keeping the people well informed about the official assistance for starting new industries constituted programmes related to rural industries. A few buildings were inaugurated and some buildings were constructed during the Week. Completion of on-going development works was accorded priority. Vigorous campaign for membership of cooperatives was a major feature.

In some States, efforts were made to promote dairy cooperative societies. Cleanliness drive, completion of drinking water wells, construction of drains and street pavements, medical check up of rural children, film shows on general sanitation, special campaigns for eradication of communicable diseases, anti-smallpox vaccination, baby shows and public meetings to highlight the significance of sanitation were the major programmes under health and sanitation. Programmes for propagating the concept and techniques of family planning were vigorously implemented during the Week. Vasectomy and Tubectomy operations were done in the family planning camps. Film shows and exhibitions were arranged in several places. Contraceptives and literature on family planning were freely distributed. Meetings, discussions and orientation training camps for Sarpanches and field workers were organised. Services falling under Applied Nutrition Programme were actively pursued. Demonstration feeding, cooking competition, nutrition education, nutrition shivir, distribution of seed packets etc. were some notable programmes of the Week. Mahila Camps on Applied Nutrition Programme were also organised. A large number of programmes relating to education and social education were undertaken with equal enthusiasm. Establishment of village libraries, literacy classes and craft centres, organising public meetings and debating competitions, campaign for removal of illiteracy, conducting sports meet, tournaments, starting of Balwadi and Adult literacy centres etc. are worth noting. The organisers could harness massive involvement of the public in executing these programmes.

The programmes at the local level were so arranged as to demonstrate the felt needs of the people, so that people could participate in these programmes using the locally available resources. Thus, though the initiative was taken by and large, by the block machinery and the Panchayati Raj institutions, the main focus of all the programmes and activities was the local community, its needs and resources. Local voluntary organisations such as Farmers Clubs, Mahila Mandals, Yuvak Mandals, radio rural forums, cooperative societies, libraries, reading rooms, Municipal Boards etc. actively participated in the observance of the Week. These groups not only assisted the Block machinery but also organised their own programmes independently. These activities largely

included Balwadis, food distribution, children' rally, P.T. shows, Prabhat pheris, improvement of drains and village streets, shramdan, sanitation drives, public meetings, debates, cultural programmes, etc.

Local Voluntary Agencies

The voluntary effort involved in the celebration of the Week was not limited to the activities organised by the All-India voluntary organisations through their State and local branches; the various socio-cultural organisations and voluntary agencies functioning at the lower levels had associated themselves with the activities. Panchayats, youth clubs, mahila mandals, educational institutions, municipalities, Cooperative Societies, Functional Committees for Family and Child Welfare, Taluk Development Boards, Associate organisations etc. are a few of local voluntary agencies who either in collaboration with the Block authorities or independently organised activities during the Week. These organisations also rendered shramdan activities.

Finances

With a view to giving an impetus to the people's participation in the Community Development Week, the activities during the Week were organised largely on the basis of self-help supplemented where-ever possible by small amounts out of the Community Development Block funds, contributions, donations and subscriptions. Nagaland, West Bengal, Madhya Pradesh and Mysore Governments provided some special funds for the celebration of the Week.

GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Despite the fact that extensive arrangements were made for the observance of the Community Development Week throughout the country, unexpected difficulties like drought conditions in certain States, lack of sufficient funds for the observance of the Week came in the way of people taking full advantage of the arrangements. The late receipt of the reports of the celebration from the State Governments and organisations participating in the observance of the Week also caused delay in bringing out the All-India Report.

By and large, the Week was observed throughout the country on the lines set out by the Government of India, State Governments, Panchayati Raj institutions and all-India voluntary organisations. The purpose of re-affirming faith in the integrated approach to rural development was achieved. People's participation and self-help was the key note of the various activities. The Block officials, elected representatives of the people and voluntary workers worked with the people in organising programmes and activities during the Week. The reports received from State Governments and Voluntary Organisations indicate that

enthusiasm evinced by people participating in the programmes of Community Development Week was quite encouraging.

Another significance of the third Community Development Week was that it coincided with the Silver Jubilee celebrations of India's Independence. During the Week work was initiated in organising activities connected with different facets of rural life in such of the villages which were selected as "Jayanti Villages". It is hoped that the enthusiasm generated in the villagers during the Week would be sustained in achieving the objective of integrating various programmes and services in the rural areas designed for the total well being of the rural community.

ANNEXE I

Broadcast Speech by Shri Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed, Minister of Agriculture on the eve of the Community Development Week beginning from October 2, 1972

As in previous years, the country is celebrating the Community Development Week beginning from the Gandhi Jayanti Day on October 2, 1972. We are passing through an important phase of our development in the rural areas. We have to ensure that the benefits flowing from progress are distributed more equitably among the rural population. The requirements of social overheads and welfare services are swelling in volume in the rural areas. Already a number of special schemes, about which you may be aware, are directed towards this end. There are the special agencies in selected areas in the districts which look after the welfare of small farmers, marginal farmers and agricultural labourers. Then there is the Crash Scheme for Rural Employment offering work to the unemployed in all the districts of the country. Already over 808 lakh mandays of employment have been generated under this scheme creating assets of a durable nature. Other programmes for the weaker sections include rural works in the chronically drought affected areas, dry farming, tribal development and nutrition for children and other vulnerable groups of rural population.

All this I have mentioned to indicate that the trend of development in the rural areas is to ensure fair distribution of development gains among the population.

To achieve the objectives I have just outlined, there now exists the local development administration which has been developed over the last two decades. The Community Development organisation in the blocks underscores the integrated approach for rural reconstruction programmes. But the fundamental concept on which the pattern of rural development is based is the fact that the progress of the rural communities can be brought about only with the effective participation of the people. As a result, we have the system of Panchayati Raj functioning in all the States with only a few exceptions.

The form and frame-work of Panchayati Raj has provided to the vast majority of the people living in our villages the opportunity to participate in the building of new India. Experience has shown that given the necessary administrative and financial backing, the Community Development and Panchayati Raj agencies are able to secure maximum community support and participation in progress of development.

Such support is essential for the success of agriculture, family planning and other programmes. By creating a favourable climate, the representative bodies prepare the people to accept innovations and changes in the socio-economic behaviour of the communities.

The main effort of rural development programmes has so far been to transform traditional agriculture into modern agriculture. But for raising the general level of economy of the rural areas, it is more important to lay emphasis on integrated area development. Only through such an approach, it will be possible to maintain an accelerated rate of growth in the villages. By ensuring that no sections of the population are neglected, it will be possible to realise our objective of economic growth with social justice.

I wish success to all those participating in the celebrations of the Community Development Week this year.

Jai Hind.

Annexe II

ALL INDIA RADIO

Programmes Broadcast by various Stations of AIR in connection with Community Development Week from 2nd to 8th October, 1972

1. Agartala . . .	One talk.
2. Ahmedabad . . .	One feature, one dialogue.
3. Allahabad . . .	Recitation, Sympcsium and four talks.
4. Baroda . . .	One talk on Gram Sabhaon Ka Mahatwa.
5. Bhagalpur . . .	One feature on the "Samudaik Vikas ke beesvarsha" and a song.
6. Bhopal . . .	One campering on the importance of Community Development in Chaupal programe and two interviews.
7. Bangalore . .	One feature on Community Development.
8. Calicut . . .	Radio report of the celebration of the Week and a feature.
9. Cuttack . . .	Message from the Chief Minister, two features, two talks, two interviews and radio report of programmes of the Week.
10. Dharwar . . .	One talk on progress of the Community Development Programmes from 1952, one feature, radio report of the programme during the Week.
11. Gwalior . . .	Three camperings, One feature and Interviews.
12. Hyderabad . . .	One feature on importance of Community Development.
13. Imphal . . .	Three discussions on Community Development and vegetable cultivation, progress and problem of backward societies etc. and one talk on Role of Panchayati Raj in implementation of Applied Nutrition Programme.
14. Jabalpur . . .	Feature programmes.
15. Jammu . . .	Message from the Minister of Agriculture (Jammu and Kashmir), one dialogue on the Role of Railway in development, one feature stressing the importance of voluntary labour in Community Development and a programme based on interviews with progressive farmers.
16. Jeyapore . . .	Message from the Chief Minister and the Minister for Community Development (Orissa).

ANNEXE II—*contd.*

17. Jullundur . . .	Message from the Chief Minister (Punjab), one feature. Interview and a radio report based on the programmes during the Week.
18. Kohima . . .	Two talks on Community Development (which were broadcast in all tribal languages).
19. Kurseong . . .	One feature in Nepali.
20. Lucknow . . .	Two features and programmes based on O.B. Recordings.
21. Madras. . . .	Messages from the Chief Minister and Minister for Education (Tamil Nadu) and a feature.
22. Mathura . . .	Two talks, a dialogue on Community Development.
23. New Delhi . . .	Message from Chief Executive Councillor, three talks and radio reporting of Eye Camp arranged at Najafgarh.
24. Nagpur . . .	Seven talks, on campering and Radio Reports.
25. Panaji . . .	Radio Report of the programme arranged at Sakhali in connection with Community Development Week.
26. Patna . . .	Talk on Community Development and Panchayati Raj on the Road of Progress, talk on minor irrigation and loan facilities.
27. Pondicherry . . .	Message from Ministers (Pondicherry) and discussion on "Community Development is Country's Development" which was broadcast in Rural Programme.
28. Poona . . .	A talk on Community Development. This was broadcast in rural programme.
29. Rajkot . . .	Talks, discussion, interview etc. broadcast under youth programme, rural broadcast, Narijagat, Bal Sabha.
30. Ranchi . . .	Talks by Minister, one campering and a feature in Rural Programme.
31. Raipur . . .	One talk, one discussion on programme amongst the farmers, field workers etc., three camperings, songs, poems and a feature based on interview with progressive farmers.
32. Sangli . . .	Relayed the programme arranged by Poona Station.
33. Shillong . . .	Talks in different languages namely, English, Jaintia and Khasi on the working and role of Community Development in Meghalaya.
34. Simla . . .	Message from the Chief Minister (Himachal Pradesh), one talk on Role of Community Development in Green Revolution by D.N. Vaid, Planning Officer (Himachal Pradesh) and a programme based on interviews recorded in villages.
35. Srinagar . . .	Programmes based on the spot interviews and recording of seminars and dicussions etc. with progressive farmers.

ANNEXE II—*concld.*

36. Tezu (Arunachal Pradesh)	One talk and a feature base on interviews with cross sections of Community.
37. Trichur . . .	Talks, Discussions on "Farmers' Education in Community Development" and Radio reports of seminar, interviews on "the Role of Community Development in the uplift of rural women", Community Development and Panchayats. Some programmes from the Trivandrum Station were also relayed.
38. Trivandrum . . .	Talks by Ministers and officers and two features. Some programmes originated by the Trichur Station were also relayed.
39. Udaipur . . .	Three camperings, three discussions, three Interviews andfourtalks.
40. Varanasi . . .	Programmes related to topics, like Gandhiji and Community Development Works, Dry Farming Scheme, Cooperative Development etc. were broadcast.
41. Vijayawada . . .	Two features, one balled, one talk and a Review of two decades of Community Eevelopment.

Annexe III

Programmes organised/supported by the Field Publicity Units of the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting during the observance of Community Development Week 1972

Serial No.	State	Unit	Activities organised/supported
1	2	3	4
1	Andaman Islands	Port Blair	Publicity Campaign.
2	Andhra Pradesh	Nizamabad	Symposium on eradication of untouchability.
3		Guntur	Two public meetings.
3 (a)	Arunachal Pradesh	Along	Calligraphy competition and distribution of Gandhi Medallions.
		Khonsa	Publicity programme in six interior villages of Tirap District.
		Tawang	Distribution of Gandhi Medallions foot March to the village of Yosom.
		Seppa	Four days programme at Fenche in the Crash Programme for Rural Employment.
4	Assam	Silchar	A Public meeting in Katigora Block
		Dhubri	Exhibition on Gandhiji and programmes for tribal, Harijan and backward people.
		Jorhat	Publicity programme on self-reliance in rual areas.
5	Bihar	Forbasganj	Rabi drive in seven Panchayats.
		Deltonganj	Programmes in Tribal Villages.
		Jamshedpur	Programmes in Sonua tribal block.
		Gaya	Programmes in Manpur Block.
6	Chandigarh	Chandigarh	A Community Mela in Burail.
7	Delhi	Delhi	Three days programme near Birla House.
8	Goa	Panaji	Progressive farmers of Nagoa were interviewed. A Gandhi Exhibition at Benaulim.

ANNEXE III—*contd.*

1	2	3	4
9	Gujarat . . .	Surat	Exhibition on Mahatma Gandhiji at Mangrol.
		Ahmedabad .	Programme support to Khadi and Gramodyog Exhibition at Gandhinagar.
10	Jammu & Kashmir .	Baramulla .	Seminars at Wador, Rajpora and Haudwara.
		Kupwara .	Programmes and Exhibition on Mahatma Gandhi in a few unelectrified villages.
		Udhampur .	A meeting of Progressive farmers at Chenani and discussion on Harijan uplift.
		Kathua .	Publicity for Rabi campaign in Basholi and Bilwara Tehsils.
11	Kerala . . .	Alleppey .	Programme support to the applied Nutrition Camps at Arror and Thykattussery.
		Cannanore .	An exhibition on dignity of labour and Community effort.
		Kozhikode .	Programme support to seminar Community Development.
		Kottayam .	Programme support to seminar on Community Development.
		Trivandrum .	Arranged programmes in five blocks.
12	Laccadive Islands .	Kawarthi .	Participated in the drive for cleaning drinkiing water courses, and making compost pits, arranged an exhibition on Mahatma Gandhi and discussions on fisheries, adult education etc.
13	Madhya Pradesh .	Hoshangabad	Programmes on fisheries and Nutrition at Pathrota.
		Bhopal .	Gandhi Exhibition at Sanchi and Programms for Harijans at Vidisha
		Rewa .	Gandhi exhibition for labourers.
14	Maharashtra . .	Poona .	Programmes in the village of Dambeli
		Jalgaon .	Programmes in Adivasi village.
		Nagpur .	Competition in National songs.
		Amravathi and Kolhapur .	Programmes for Harijans.

ANNEXE III—*contd.*

1	2	3	4
15	Manipur . .	Imphal .	Exibition on Mahatma Gandhi multi-media campaign on national integration and development in tribal villages.
		Churachandpur	Programmes supports to cleanliness drive.
16	Meghalaya . .	Shillong .	Exhibition on Mahatma Gandhi, India's freedom struggle and improved agriculture at Mylliem and Maphlong, Symposium on 2 years of Community Development.
		Tura .	Publicity drive on grow more food in some interior unelectrified villages.
17	Mirzoram . . .	Ajal .	Programmes for stressing the need for self-sufficiency in food production.
18	Mysore . . .	Bangalore .	Essay and elocution competit on for students on Wild Life.
		Mysore, Dharwar Hassan, Gulberga Bellary	Exhibition on Gandhiji.
19	Nagaland . . .	Kohima Mokokchung	Exhibition on Mahatma Gandhi.
20	Orissa . .	Bhubneswar	Elocution contest for students, exhibition on Mahatm Gandhi.
		Balasore and Berhampur	Programmes for Harijans at Rehanga and Gangapur.
21	Pondicherry . .	Pondicherry .	Programmes at Villayannur.
22	Punjab . . .	Amritsar .	Programme for emphasizing people's participation in development activities.
		Ferozepur .	Programmes for backward people.
23	Rajasthan . . .	Ajmer .	Folk songs on national integration at Paisagaon.
		Durgapur	Programmes in Tribal villages in Banswara area, public meeting of Adivasis on Community Development and Panchayati Raj at local Gandhi Ashram.
24	Tamil Nadu . .	Salem .	Exhibition on Community Development.
		Madras .	Programmes at Gandhi Mandaparo.

ANNEXE III—*concld.*

1	2	3	4
25	Tripura . . .	Agartala .	Programmes in the Tribal villages of Malaghar block.
		Kailasahar	Public meeting against untouchability.
26	Uttar Pradesh .	Lucknow .	Gandhi Film Mela.
		Uttar Kashi .	A 15 day exhibition on Mahatma Gandhi at Thati Dhanari (A week long campaign was carried out by Field Publicity units in 48 villages of Pithoragarh area).
27	West Bengal . .	Calcutta .	Programmes for Muslims and Harijans
		Ranaghat .	Programmes in Nabadwip and Hanskhali blocks.
		Siliguri .	Toured 12 interior villages in Naxalbari Kharibasa block.
		Cooch Behar	Seminars.
		Jalpaiguri. .	Five Day publicity drive in the Malda area.

ANNEXE IV

Statement of features/articles published during Community Development Week, 1972 through the Press Information Bureau

Name of the P.I.B. Office/ Name of the paper	Language	Title of the article/feature
1	2	3
I Ahmed Nagar.		
1. Azad Hind . . .	Marathi	New Directions in Rural Development.
II Bombay.		
2. Urdu Times . . .	Urdu	Emergence of New Dairy Units.
3. Janasakti . . .	Gujarathi	Development of Cooperative Weaving Mills.
4. Bombay Samachar . .	Gujarathi	Development of Cooperative Weaving Mills.
III Bhopal		
5. Hitavada . . .	English	Emergence of New Dairy Units.
6. Afkar . . .	Urdu	(i) New Dairies (ii) New Roads to Progress.
Dainik Alok . . .	Hindi	New Message of Rural Development.
8. New Bharat . . .	Hindi	Significant Aspects of Small Farmers Development Agency.
IV. Calcutta.		
9. Hindustan Standard .	English	Community Development in West Bengal.
10. Rahbr-E-Alam . .	Urdu	'Jayanthi Villages'.
11. Rozana Hind . .	Urdu	New Directions in Rural Development.
V Chandigarh		
12. Tribune . . .	English	Guidelines suggested for Community Development Workers.

ANNEXE IV—*contd.*

1	2	3
VI. Coimbatore		
13. New India . . .	Telugu	Community Development Week Celebration.
VII. Dharmsala		
14. Dogra Sandesh . .	Urdu	Jayanti Villages.
VIII. Gauhati		
15. The Assam Tribune . .	English	Crash Scheme for Rural Employment.
IX. Ghasipur		
16. Lok Sevak . . .	Hindi	Jayanti Villages Memorials of Permanent Values.
17. Gandhi Kshetrya . .	Hindi	Do.
X. Indore		
18. Nai Dunia . . .	Hindi	Establishment of New Dairy farms with the help of Small Farmers' development Agency.
XI. Jaipur		
19. Rajasthan Vikas Panchayati Raj Viseshank	Hindi	New Schemes for Village Development.
XII. Jorhat		
20. Janma Bhumi . .	Assamese	Schemes for Rural Manpower Employment.
XIII. Madras		
21. Viduthalai . . .	Tamil	Govt. Schemes for Rural Manpower Employment.
XIV. Nagpur		
22. Hitavada . . .	English	Community Development and Social Justice.
XV. New Delhi.		
23. Motherland . . .	English	Crash Scheme for Rural Employment.
24. National Herald . .	English	(i) Minor Irrigation (ii) Light in the darkness. (iii) Garibi Hatao in Rural Areas.
25. Mulke Millet . . .	Urdu	Social and Economic aspects of Land Reforms.

Annexe IV—*concld.*

1	2	3
26. Sawera . . .	Urdu	Social and Economic Aspects Land Reforms
27. Tej . . .	Urdu	(i) Land Reforms—Social and Economic Aspects. (ii) New Dairy Farmers with the help of Small Famers' Development Agency.
XVI. Panaji		
28. Nav Prabha . . .	Marathi	Jayanti Villages-Memorials of Permanent Value.
XVII. Patna		
29. Sathi . . .	Urdu	New Roads to Rural Development.
XVIII. Patiala		
30. Ranjit . . .	Punjabi	Jayanti Village.
XIX. Poona . . .		
31. Sandhya . . .	Marathi	White Revolution.
32. Godatri Samachar . .	Marathi	Community Development Programme and Panchayati Raj
33. Vishal Sahyadri . .	Marathi	Jayanti Villages—Memorials Permanent Value.
XX. Rajkot . . .		
34. Rajasthan . . .	Gujarathi	Jayanti Villages.
XXI. Varanasi . . .		
35. Aaj . . .	Hindi	New Dairy Farms with the help of Small Farmers' Development Agency.
XXII Ludhiana . . .		
36. Samaj . . .	Urdu	New Roads to Rural Development.

ANNEXE V

List of features/articles published in various magazines during Community Development Week, 1972

I. Special Twentieth Anniversary Number of Kurukshetra (October, 1972) :

1.	Gainful Employment through Land Colonisation	V. V. Giri.
2.	Rural Development New Directions	Prof. Sher Singh.
3.	Programmes for the Rural Poor, Progress and Prospects	M. A. Quraishi.
4.	Land Reforms, Growth and Justice	Grish Mathur.
5.	Nationalised Banks in Rural Economy	N. Bhattacharya.
6.	Rural Housing Scheme	I. K. Gujral.
7.	Meeting the minimum needs of the people	Balraj Mehta.
8.	The Role of Village Industries in India's Economy	Dr. V. K. R. V. Rao.
9.	The Changing pattern of Community Development	U. C. Ghildyal.
10.	Proposal for new Extension Organisation	D. P. Singh.
11.	The Structure of Panchayati Raj	Haripad B. Subramonia Iyer.
12.	Cooperation : Strong and Week Points	M. M. K. Wali.
13.	Rural Employment	S. M. Murshid.
14.	Growth of Agriculture	Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed.
15.	Justice for the Downtrodden	U. N. Dhebar.
16.	Area Development through Rural Growth Centre	Lalit K. Sen.
17.	Rural Population and National Defence	Col. R. Ram Rao.
18.	Rural Electrification	C.R. Ekambaram.
19.	For an Integrated Extension Service	K. C. Naik.
20.	Applied Nutrition Programme in Kolar	B. P. Chaturved`.

II. Panchayat Aur Insan :

1.	People's Involvement in 25th Year of Independence	G. L. Puri.
2.	Economics and Politics of Panchayati Raj	Prof. A.S. Ramaswamy.
3.	People's Involvement in Planning Necessary	D. P. Dhar.
4.	Involvement of the party and the People in Planning	Mohan Dharia.
5.	Unemployment : A Table Talk	Mrs. S. Chatterjee.
6.	Three Decadres	D. Raghavan.
7.	Call to the People	G. Ramachandran.
8.	Banks and Farm Credit	Jacob Samuel.
9.	Political Leadership and Community Development..	K. Dharamaraj.

ANNEXE V—*contd.*

10. Light Flickering Down upon the Ledger of Mankind	Arnold Toyenbee.
III. Voluntary Action Community Development Number :	
1. After a Score of Community Development Year	Editorial.
2. The Murahri Project : An Effort Towards Area Development & Grass Roots Planning .	Ranjit Gupta
3. Denotified Tribes and the Larger Society. .	K. Ranga Rao & Y. Simhadri
4. Cooperation & W. Bengal Agriculture . .	S. K. Nandi.
5. Official-Non Official Relationships in Panchayat Raj	H.R.S. Iyer.
6. Caste Among Christians of Goa. . . .	K. B. Koppad.
7. Rural Unemployment in Bihar . .	S.P. Sihna & A. K. Jha.
IV. Social Welfare :	
1. Generlist—Specialist Relations in Community Development Administration. . . .	Haripad R. Subramania Iyer.
2. Social Work in Community Development .	Devendra K. Amir.
3. Preventing Family Break up . . .	N. A. Mistri.
4. Family Planning for the Home Working wives and mothers.	Padmini Sen Gupta.
5. Alocholism As a Disease	Savithri Goyal.
6. Maintaining the quality of life through the Ideal Family	Howard Braby.
V. Samaj Kalyan :	
1. Social Security in India	Dr. Purusotham Das Maheswari.
2. Integration of the Adimjati with the National People	Amar Nath Rai.
3. Suicide—Causes ad Remedies . . .	Ramesh Prasad Sharma.
4. Legalising Abortion—In People's View .	Janak Sachdev.
5. Cooperation and Primary Schools . .	Yashwant Singh Bisen.

PART II

SUMMARIES OF THE REPORTS OF STATES AND UNION TERRITORIES

BIHAR

The third Community Development Week was celebrated with great eclat. A State level Committee consisting of the representatives of the various State departments was set up under the Chairmanship of the Development Commissioner. Such Committees were formed at the lower levels also. Cooperation of officials, non-officials and representatives of various local agencies was sought to make the celebration a success. The incidence of the Silver Jubilee Celebration of Independence caused special enthusiasm among the people.

Publicity Programmes

The Patna A.I.R. station broadcast the message from the Minister for Community Development and Panchayati Raj.

Field Programmes

Wide ranging schemes of field programmes were organised in connection with the Community Development Week.

Agriculture and Allied activities : Agricultural demonstrations, starting of minor irrigation works, spraying of insecticides, planting of trees etc. were some of the programmes carried out during the Week. Completion of the well irrigation plan was emphasised so as to make the Rabi crop a success. Farmers were enlightened about the advantages of consolidation of holdings.

Village Industries : Attention was focussed on village industries like handicrafts, piggery and poultry. Attempts were made to make the people aware of the various types of Government assistance to start village small scale industries. The employment potential of such industries was recognised.

Health and Sanitation : A meeting on cleanliness was organised. Programmes like anti-smallpox vaccinations, distribution of meals and medicines among children, survey of availability of drinking water etc. were carried out. Some measures were taken in the direction of extending drinking water facility to every village.

Family Planning : Film shows and exhibitions were carried out with a view to popularising birth control measures. Arrangements were made for vasectomy operations and distribution of contraceptives.

Nutrition : Nutritious food was distributed among poor children. Demonstrations on fruit and vegetable cultivation were also held. Kitchen gardening was encouraged. Expectant mothers were acquainted with the importance of nutritious food.

Education : A number of public meetings was organised and usefulness of libraries and reading rooms was discussed. Debating competitions were conducted and prizes were awarded. Public Cooperation was secured in repairing some school buildings. Cultural and youth welfare programmes like Atheletic competitions, cycle race, dramas, kavi sammelans etc. were also organised.

Social Welfare : Meetings and discussions among women and baby shows were some of the special programmes organised for women and children. Meetings were organised wherein rehabilitation facilities, drinking water facilities and removal of illiteracy among backward classes was **emphasised.**

Finances

No additional funds were allotted by the State Government for this occasion. Funds available for Community Development and Panchayati Raj programmes were utilised and the villagers' contribution was also secured.

General Assessment

In celebrating the Week, great enthusiasm and zeal was evinced by the people including the officers, general public, local institutions and voluntary agencies all of whom took active part making the Week a great success. The programmes carried out during the Week covered almost all facets of rural life.

GUJARAT

Based on the experience gained from the past year's celebrations, an exhaustive programme was chalked out in consultation with State Level Committee well in advance. The Week was celebrated at the District, Taluka and Village levels. The coverage of the celebrations extended to the Tribal Development Blocks also.

Field Programmes

The following field programmes were undertaken during the Week:—

Agriculture and allied activities : Agricultural exhibition and demonstration of improved seeds and fertilisers were organised. Practical demonstration of plant protection measures were conducted in the presence of farmers. Special programmes under the Crash Scheme for Rural Employment were undertaken during the Week. Group discussions were arranged among farmers. Cattle show, vaccination and castration among cattle were some of the other programmes.

Cooperation : Campaign for Membership and to organise new cooperative societies were undertaken during the Week. Drive for strengthening existing cooperative societies were launched.

Health and Sanitation : Village cleanliness, home decorations and baby shows were arranged on a prize competition basis. Campaign for eradication of communicable diseases and for conversion of basket type latrines into water seal latrines were conducted.

Family Planning : Camps and exhibitions to propagate family planning were organised.

Nutrition : Kitchen gardening, feeding programme and demonstration in respect of perfect diet were the programmes connected with nutrition. Public meetings were also organised.

Other programmes : Village people contributed shramdan for the construction of approach roads and repairing of school buildings, for community services. Spinning programmes, campaign for allotment of plots for landless labourers, prohibition shiver etc. were some other noteworthy programmes carried out during the Week.

General Assessment

The Week was celebrated with full enthusiasm and zeal through Panchayati Raj institutions with the active cooperation of the people. On the whole, the observance of the Week had been a great success.

HARYANA

The third Community Development Week, which coincided with the Silver Jubilee of Independence, brought forth the inspiring memory of Mahatma Gandhi. A Committee of Directions was set up at the State level to facilitate the celebration of the Week. Heads/Officers of the concerned Departments were included in the Committee. Programmes for the Week were chalked out and intimated to the subordinate officers in advance. The activities undertaken during the Week are given below:

Publicity Programmes

A lot of publicity measures were organised during the Week. Meetings were arranged at the Block and Village levels. The message of Mahatma Gandhi was conveyed to the people. The problems of the reconstruction of India were discussed. Lectures were delivered on topics like Family Planning, Grow More Food etc. Publicity media like dramas, film shows and posters were employed to give publicity to the Community Development programmes. Prabhat pheries were also rendered to spread the message of Community Development.

Field Programmes

Agriculture and allied programmes : Programmes related to agriculture were carried out throughout the State. The existing programmes were intensified and new programmes were initiated. Farmers' Training

Camps were held in different districts and farmers were acquainted with the improved methods of cultivation and the plant protection techniques. In some places, improved seeds, fertilisers, insecticides etc. were exhibited and distributed among farmers. A Rabi crop campaign was conducted in Rohtak and Hissar Districts.

Village Industries : People were explained as to how industrialisation can change their way of life. The loan facility rendered by the Development Department for this purpose was also explained to them. Attempts were undertaken to popularise the village industries like piggery, poultry etc. The village blacksmiths, carpenters and artisans were acquainted with the new types of implements.

Construction Programmes : Approach roads were constructed in Rewari Block. In Karnal Block (Karnal Distt.) Development works were taken up during the Week. Attempts were made to construct panchayat ghars, school buildings and houses for teachers with public support.

Cooperation : People were persuaded to join the cooperatives. Starting of new cooperative societies was also encouraged. Membership campaigns were organised in almost every Block.

Health and Sanitation : Cleanliness campaign was launched in all the Blocks in the State. In some villages attention was paid towards keeping the village lanes and wells clean. The pits containing stagnant water were filled with soil and insecticides.

Family Planning : People were advised to adopt family planning in their life. Vasectomy and Tubectomy operations were carried out in Gurgaon District. Contraceptives were distributed among the people.

Nutrition : Mahila camps and demonstrations were held under Applied Nutrition Programme in Gurgaon District.

Education : Parents were persuaded to send their children to schools, new children were admitted to the schools. Construction of a number of school buildings was also undertaken. A variety of programmes like discussions, bhajans, public meetings, camps etc. were organised in order to inculcate civic consciousness among the people and for promotion of adult literacy and Harijan welfare.

Voluntary Agencies

The Yuvak and Mahila Mandals actively participated in the programmes during the Week. The earth work of a village road was undertaken by Kapro Grameen Sabha. Panchayat Sabhas of Kapro, Haibatopor, Narnaul, Bhaini, Amirpur etc. took active interest in family planning programmes. Cooperative Societies also evinced keen interest.

Finances

The funds of the Panchayats were utilised and local donations were also relied on.

General Assessment

The celebration was successful in harnessing public cooperation. Rapid strides were made in the fields like Harijan Welfare.

HIMACHAL PRADESH

Himachal Pradesh assigned special significance to the third Community Development Week in view of the Jubilee of India's Independence. Creation of a general awareness of the concept, usefulness and the role of Community Development for rural improvement was the main objective of the celebration. A Committee of Direction was constituted at the State level under the Chairmanship of the Director, Panchayati Raj and Community Development Department. Other Departments also cooperated.

Publicity Programmes

The Chief Minister of Himachal Pradesh broadcast a message to the people on the eve of the Week over the Simla Station of All-India Radio. Cinema shows, dramas and folk dances, cultural programmes, speeches, seminars etc. were organised to give publicity to the programmes of the Week.

Field Programmes

New works to be completed during the Jayanti year were started. Efforts were made at the Block level to intensify the works taken up under the Crash Scheme for Rural Employment. Details of programmes undertaken are given below subjectwise:—

Agriculture and allied activities : The importance of high yielding varieties of seeds, compost pits, new technique of farming and plant protection measures was explained to the farmers. Seminars and demonstrations were arranged at the Block level. Improved seeds, chemical fertilisers and implements were distributed to the farmers.

Health and Sanitation : Villages and houses were cleaned by the people. Importance of health and sanitation was highlighted in the public meetings organised during the Week. Gram Sevikas and Mukhya Sevikas explained to the rural women the value of nutritious food.

Education : Speeches and debates on Community Development were arranged in various schools. Campaign for removal of illiteracy was launched during the Week. Meetings of Mahila Mandals and Yuvak Mandals were organised.

Other Programmes : Cinema shows, dramas, folk dances, cultural programmes, talks on a wide variety of subjects such as Agriculture, Family Planning, Horticulture, Removal of Untouchability and seminars were organised.

Finances

The expenditure for the celebration of the Week was met out of the provisions made for the Community Development Programme under the sub-head "Social Education" and from voluntary contributions.

General Assessment

The third Community Development Week was celebrated in Himachal Pradesh with full zeal. All the concerned institutions were involved in the programmes of the Week.

MADHYA PRADESH

In Madhya Pradesh, the third Community Development Week was celebrated at the Block Level with cooperation and participation of Panchayati Raj institutions, non-official agencies and all the Departments of the State Government. Programmes for the Week were chalked out to suit local conditions and requirements. No separate Committees were set up at the State/District level.

Publicity Programmes

The Chief Minister broadcast a message to the people on the eve of the Community Development Week over the Bhopal Station of A.I.R. Suitable articles and features were published in all local newspapers throughout the Week at the initiative of the State Information Department. Meetings, Exhibitions, Kisan Sammelans and Melas were organised in many villages including the Jayanti Villages.

Field Programmes

Agriculture : Demonstrations of improved agricultural practices were held at some places.

Construction activities : A drive for completing the existing development works was initiated. Some works involving people's participation such as the construction of school buildings, drinking water wells, approach roads, Panchayat Bhavans, compost pits etc. were taken up during the Week.

Family Planning : Exhibitions and camps were held in some blocks.

Nutrition : The Mahila and Yuvak Mandals established in the Applied Nutrition Programme Blocks undertook an active campaign to educate children and women in the matter of nutritious diet. Feeding programmes were also undertaken.

Cultural and Recreational Programmes : Entertainment programmes like Kavi Sammelans, Kirtans, Songs and Dramas, sports and games etc. were organised on a large scale in all the Blocks. Ministers and other prominent people attended many of the functions. Villagers also took lively interest in these programmes.

Other Programmes : Selection of villages suitable for being developed as Jayanti Villages, registration of unemployed persons under the Pilot Intensive Rural Employment Project etc. were some of the other programmes carried out during the Week.

Voluntary Organisations

Cooperative institutions, the Janapad Panchayats, Gram Panchayats, Mahila Mandals and Yuvak Mandals extended their cooperation to make the celebration a success.

Finances

The State Government had sanctioned Rs. 300 per block for contingent expenditure. The Janapad Panchayats had also provided funds from their own budgets for the Week.

General Assessment

The celebration of the third Community Development Week in the State of Madhya Pradesh was a great success. This intensified the tempo of schemes like Crash Scheme for Rural Employment, Applied Nutrition Programme etc. and acquainted the rural masses with the facilities available to them under the various official programmes.

MANIPUR

Government of Manipur constituted a fifteen member Committee of Direction for the observance of the Community Development Week, with the Hon'ble Development Minister, Manipur as the Chairman and officers of various departments as its members. Almost all the Development agencies in Manipur extended their fullest cooperation in the celebration of the Week.

Publicity Programmes

Publicity programmes during the Week included radio talks by prominent persons, publication of special newspaper supplements, film shows and programmes of song and drama. District and Block Level meetings were organised and the importance and objectives of the Community Development and National Extension programmes were discussed.

During the Week, an intensive multi-media campaign for Community Development was organised in collaboration with the Song and Drama Division. Shri Y. Yaima Singh, Education Minister of Manipur inaugurated the campaign on 2nd October. Cultural programmes on

Community Development and Panchayati Raj were organised by the Song and Drama Division. An exhibition of Gandhiji's photographs was also arranged along with the cultural programmes. Public meetings, group discussion, film shows and such other programmes were also organised in interior tribal villages of Mao Tadubi and Mayanghhang.

Field Programmes

The Development Agencies in the state organised various field programmes with the help of general public. A wide-spread cleanliness programme was carried out. The inauguration of the Applied Nutrition Programme at Sawonbung, Imphal East Development Block was another programme of the Week. At a function presided over by the Hon'ble Development Minister, Manipur, the programme was inaugurated by liberating 1000 fish fingerlings of Rahu and Katla to a tank which was renovated and kept ready for the purpose. The organisations associated with the Rural Industries Project took active part in the celebration of the Week. Inauguration of the Cutting and Tailoring Training Centre at Kangpokpi, Meetings of Rural artisans, industrial entrepreneurs, officers etc. were the important items of their programmes. Role of Rural Industries Project in Community Development, Industrial Potentiality in Rural Industrial Project area, Cottage and Household Industries of Manipur etc. were the topics discussed at the entrepreneurs' meetings.

Voluntary Organisations

Voluntary Organisations connected with the Community Development Department actively took part in the programmes. The Community Development Week was also celebrated in a befitting manner under the auspices of Imphal Municipality. In all, 167 voluntary agencies took up social services programmes and participated in the cleanliness drive. The object of the activities was to keep the town neat and clean and to motivate a sense of self-reliance and cooperation in the town dwellers. A spirit of competition was infused among the participating organisations by awarding prizes and certificates of merit.

The Manipur State Social Welfare Advisory Board observed the Week successfully at all the Family and Child Welfare Project centres. A new Family and Child Welfare Project was inaugurated at Lamlai Sagolamang by the Education Minister of Manipur. The inaugural function was arranged in a befitting manner with the cooperation of the local people. The functions at all these centres were characterised by prayers by Balwadi children, P.T. Shows, song and recitation competitions and feeding programme for the Balwadi children.

Finances

No official financial provision was earmarked for the celebration of the Week. The voluntary organisations relied on contributions, donations and subscriptions to meet the contingent expenditure.

General Assessment

The Week was celebrated in a befitting manner all over the State. Field programmes organised with the help of voluntary organisations formed a significant feature of the celebration.

MYSORE

The celebration of the third Community Development Week in Mysore State was inaugurated by the Hon'ble Minister for Community Development and Social Welfare. The programmes were carried out in all earnestness despite the fact that the State was drought stricken. The Taluka Development Boards gave directions and arranged for active participation of all concerned.

Publicity Programmes

The Directorate of Information and Tourism arranged film shows at the district level, thus helping extensive dissemination of philosophy of Community Development. Exhibitions, Field days, demonstration and Sammelans etc. were organised at the Block level. The Week also witnessed holding of Taluk level and District level seminars on Panchayati Raj bodies and meetings. These programmes were helpful in spreading the message of Community Development.

Field Programmes

Agriculture and allied programme : Rabi Training Programmes were organised at the District level to enthuse the farmers to step up Rabi production, so that the failure of the Kharif crop could be compensated. Exhibitions and demonstrations were organised. Poultry Units, kitchen gardens and school gardens were also started.

Village Industries : Exhibitions of articles pertaining to rural arts and crafts were arranged. A few sewing machines were distributed.

Cooperation : Intensive membership campaign was undertaken.

Health : Cleanliness drive was undertaken. Public gutters and drinking water wells were cleaned. Littered waste materials were collected and turned into compost.

Nutrition : Applied Nutrition Programme was actively implemented in the selected Blocks. Cooking demonstrations and talks on nutrition were arranged. Distribution of seed packets, starting of new feeding centres and poultry units and commissioning of fisheries ponds were some of the other programmes carried out during the Week.

Family Planning : The Week was utilised for popularising family planning. Sterilisation camps were also conducted.

Education : A number of school buildings were inaugurated and construction of a few other buildings was started during the Week.

Social education classes were streamlined and study tours were conducted.

Other Programmes : A variety of other programmes under the categories of youth welfare, recreation, community services and public cooperation projects, special programmes for women and children and for weaker sections etc. were also carried out with high enthusiasm.

Voluntary Agencies

Voluntary agencies like Bharat Scouts and Guides, National Service Scheme Unit of Universities etc. rendered active cooperation in organising programmes like shramdan and programmes for women and children.

Finances

Funds were specifically earmarked for the observance of the Week. Incidental expenses were met out of local contributions.

General Assessment

Panchayati Raj institutions and other associate organisations exhibited earnestness in implementing the Community Development programmes. In celebrating the third Community Development Week due regard was given to the responsibilities of ameliorating the condition of weaker sections. The special programmes organised for weaker sections of the Community are noteworthy.

NAGALAND

A committee of Direction was constituted in all the Blocks for the smooth observance of the Week. Apart from officials of the various departments, local public leaders were also represented in the Committees. The Committee drew up coordinated programmes suitable to local conditions. A number of programmes having bearing on Community Development were organised.

Publicity Programmes

The Minister in charge of Community Development, in his brief radio talk, highlighted the impact of the Community Development programmes on the people, reviewed its achievements and gave an outline of the programmes contemplated for the future. Film shows depicting developmental aspects of the State were also held.

Field Programmes

Vigorous campaigns have been started to streamline the ongoing schemes. Tribal fairs were organised. Improved farming methods were explained to the people. Wide publicity was given to programmes like Crash Scheme for Rural Employment, Small and Marginal Farmers Development Agency, Dry Farming and Multiple Cropping. Exhibitions

on agriculture, industry and handicrafts were arranged. Incentive prizes were awarded to the best exhibits. Debates, cultural shows and symposia on Community Development were organised with the cooperation of educational institutions. Initiation of cleanliness drives, renovation of village approach roads and opening of Maternity Centres and Adult Literacy centres were other noteworthy features of the field publicity programme. Special campaigns were organised for revitalising the cooperative societies. Educational Programmes for the welfare of women and children were drawn. Interesting programmes like baby shows and community feasts etc. were also arranged. Due stress was laid in obtaining public cooperation in the implementation of all these programmes.

Voluntary Organisations

Socio-cultural organisations and various local youth organisations extended their full cooperation in making the Week a success. Meetings and cultural shows were arranged in collaboration with the youth, who played an encouraging and commendable role.

Finances

For the successful implementation of the programmes, a sum of Rs. 6,300 at the rate of Rs. 300 per Block for 21 Blocks was spent.

General Assessment

This year the celebration marked a definite improvement over the previous ones. It witnessed enthusiastic and enhanced participation of people. More villages were covered under the programmes. The Community Development Week celebration was assigned special significance in view of 25th Independence anniversary. The massive participation of the people in the various functions held in connection with the Community Development Week bears testimony to the growing awareness of people in the Community Development programme.

ORISSA

In Orissa, the Community Development Week was celebrated at the Block Level, with the cooperation of voluntary organisations engaged in social welfare and rural development work. Broad outlines of the various schemes were kept in view in formulating the programmes for the Week.

Publicity Programmes

The Gram Panchayats, Mahila Samitis, Yuvak Mandals, Village Level Workers and Primary School Teachers gave wide publicity to the aims and objects of the celebration of the Week. The primary school teachers conducted village meetings. Committees consisting of local leaders and students were formed at Panchayat level. Prabhat Pheries were conducted throughout the Week giving Community Development slogans.

Field Programmes

The following field programmes were successfully carried out during the Week:

Construction Programme : Works connected with digging of irrigation channels, construction of village roads, cleaning of village tanks and wells for drinking water had been undertaken during the Week. Processions were organised at Block Headquarters. In some Blocks prizes were awarded for the best activities.

Health and Sanitation : School students, members of Yuvak Sanghs and Mahila Samitis undertook a programme of cleaning of Primary Health Centre and Block premises. Distribution of family planning posters and film shows were also undertaken.

Social Welfare Activities : Sports for school students were organised in almost every Panchayat and the winners were awarded prizes. Information regarding improved farming, use of fertilisers, pesticides, new variety of seeds, land reform measures, balanced diet, nutrition programme, health and sanitation etc. was disseminated to the local people through village fairs.

Nutrition : Efforts were made at Panchayat level for starting kitchen gardens and school gardens. Expectant mothers and pre-school children were given nutritious diet under the Special Nutrition Programme. Demonstrations on nutrition were also arranged during the Week.

Education : Debates and discussions were organised for the students and prizes were distributed to the best speakers.

Recreation and Cultural activities : Apart from documentary film shows, cultural programmes like folk dances, one act play and "Palla" were organised in connection with the celebration of the Week.

Exhibitions : Veterinary and agricultural exhibitions were arranged at the Block Headquarters. Various types of agricultural implements were also exhibited. Other stalls installed in the exhibitions related to family planning, balanced diet, weaving and carpentry. Prizes were awarded to the best stalls.

General Assessment

The Community Development Week was observed in a befitting manner. The District and Block Level Officers evinced keen interest in the programmes for the Week. Public meetings were held in all Block headquarters to throw light on different aspects of the Community Development programme. The role of public cooperation in the implementation of Community Development programme was also stressed. The part played by the Gram Panchayats in the observation of Community Development Week is worth mentioning. The celebration of the Week had inculcated in the minds of the people, faith in self-dependence and Community Development programme.

PUNJAB

In order to facilitate the observance of the Community Development Week, the Government of Punjab constituted a Committee of Directions with the Under Secretary, Development Department as the convenor.

Publicity Programmes

The Chief Minister in his message reviewed the progress attained by the Punjab villages during the two decades of Community Development programme. He said that as a result of the programme, agricultural production has increased and the standard of living of the rural population has advanced considerably. He also stressed the necessity of initiating projects for the upliftment of the Harijans and people living in the boarder areas. Other publicity programmes consisted of distribution of leaflets and pamphlets on Panchayati Raj, exhibitions of the products of local crafts and film shows.

Field Programmes

Agriculture and allied programmes : The villagers were trained in improved methods of cultivation and the farmers were induced to use improved varieties of seeds, balanced dose of fertiliser, pesticides and insecticides. Exhibition of modern agricultural implements was organised and aerial spray of insecticides and pesticides on cotton was carried out during the Week. Loans were granted to marginal farmers and agricultural labourers for dairy development and installation of tube-wells. Propaganda regarding starting of poultry and piggery units and starting of cottage industries was also made.

Cooperation : Programmes for the promotion of cooperative dairy farming were initiated.

Health and Sanitation : Drains and street pavements were constructed. Compost pits were dug. Cleanliness in houses was also encouraged.

Nutrition : Demonstration in respect of perfect diet was arranged in various villages.

Family Planning : Wide publicity was given to family planning methods like sterilisation.

Education : Adult education centres were started. People were induced to get their children admitted in schools. Good deal of public enthusiasm was raised for construction of school buildings.

Social Education : Craft centres were started for imparting training to village ladies. Balwadis and youth clubs were started in various Blocks.

Other Programmes : A variety of programmes relating to youth welfare, recreation and community services were carried out during the Week. Special programmes for women, children and weaker section of the community were some of the notable features of the celebrations. Cultural and other general programmes like fairs, sammelans etc. were also organised.

General Assessment

During the two decades of Community Development programme, rural life has registered commendable improvement in Punjab. The third Community Development Week provided the occasion for reviewing this progress. The programmes organised during the Week embraced all aspects of rural life.

RAJASTHAN

In Rajasthan, the arrangements for the celebration of the Week were started early in May. A celebration committee was constituted with the top officers of the various State Departments as members. Programmes for the Week were chalked out well in advance. Launching of some major projects under the Crash Scheme for Rural Employment during the Week was accorded priority. In order to acquaint the tribal people with improved agricultural practices, balanced diets, health and cleanliness and Applied Nutrition Programme, Agricultural Melas in tribal areas were also included in the programme.

Publicity Programmes

The inaugural address by the Acting Chief Minister was broadcast from Jaipur Station of A.I.R. Message from the Governor was also broadcast. Leading daily newspapers, official and non-official publications brought out special issues during the Week. Write-ups and articles published on the occasion included various aspects of the Community Development programme. A week long broadcasting programme was conducted. Features on best village and best village level workers, a symposium on Crash Scheme for Rural Employment, symposium on the role of women in Applied Nutrition Programme and special news bulletins were the other items of broadcast. A small booklet depicting salient features and physical achievements on various aspects of Community Development and a poster were also brought out and circulated during the Community Development Week.

Field Programmes

There were a good number of field programmes. All the Panchayats in the State organised programmes like hoisting the national flag and singing the national anthem on the 2nd October, cleanliness campaign, sports competition, distribution of loans to needy cultivators in certain specified areas and special camps of Yuvak and Mahila Mandals.

Agriculture : Kisan Melas, agricultural exhibitions, seminars on Green Revolution etc. were some of the field programmes related to agriculture. The emphasis on agricultural production programme, by the Agriculture Department in the drought year was highly appropriate. A village complex was selected as the nucleus of the activities. Apart from carrying out programmes like soil testing, fertiliser popularisation and special seminars, a proposal for setting up a Kisan Bhavan was also initiated. The proposed Kisan Bhavan is intended to play an informative and educative role in addition to undertaking specified services of sales of improved seeds, fertilisers and the like.

Social Welfare : A scheme for allotment of house sites to backward classes and village artisans was approved by various Panchayat Samitis. Bal Melas were organised in certain villages. New Balwadis were started in all Panchayats.

Health, Sanitation and Nutrition : Applied Nutrition Programme was implemented with public cooperation. Competitions for kitchen gardens were held and prizes were awarded to winners. Shramdan activities were arranged for cleaning wells and streets.

Family Planning : Family Planning camps and film shows explaining the importance of family planning were organised.

Education : Sports meet, rural tournaments, essay competitions on subjects connected with Panchayati Raj and Community Development were held during the Week. Cash awards were arranged to be given to the best entries in the essay competitions.

General Assessment

Community Development Week was enthusiastically celebrated throughout the State of Rajasthan with the active participation of Panchayats, Panchayat Samitis and Zila Parishads. The celebrations proved to be effective in inculcating a sense of devotion among the rural masses as well as extension workers. The production programmes arranged in connection with the Community Development Week deserves special appreciation.

TRIPURA

A wide range of activities were undertaken in connection with the Community Development Week mainly through the Block agency. Some of these are listed below:—

Publicity Programmes

Meetings in connection with small savings, cooperation, green revolution and family planning were organised at Block Information Centres. Meetings of farmers at the Village Level Workers' circles were organised where subjects like use of improved agricultural implements, chemical fertilizers, etc. were discussed. Variety performances of songs, dramas, sports and games, etc. were organised at different Social Education and Family & Child Welfare Centres. Baby shows were also conducted at different Child Welfare Centres.

Field Programmes

Various projects under Crash Scheme for Rural Employment were started at various places. Feeding centres were started at selected places during the Week. Cleanliness drives, Shramdan etc. organised at the Block Headquarters/Village Level Workers circles/Social Education Centres and Gaon Sabhas constituted the health and sanitation programme of the Week. Old tube wells were resunk and repaired in different Gaon Sabhas under Rural Works Scheme. Irrigation channels were dug in all circles through voluntary labour. Local people participated in the construction of village roads.

General Assessment

The Week was observed quite enthusiastically. The voluntary effort of the local people was duly dovetailed with the various official programmes.

WEST BENGAL

The significance of the Community Development Week was well appreciated and it was observed throughout the State. A Committee of Directions was constituted at the State Level with the Officers of the concerned Departments as members.

Publicity Programmes

A radio talk was broadcast by the Minister for Community Development. The Minister highlighted the progress realised by the rural community as a result of Community Development movement. Special

articles were published and film shows, dramas and exhibitions relating to Community Development were arranged during the Week.

Field Programmes

Field programmes included both streamlining of existing programmes and launching of new programmes. Some of the programmes undertaken are listed below:—

Agriculture and allied programmes : Soil conservation activities were streamlined. Farmers were induced to cultivate high yielding varieties. Vegetable gardening in school and library compounds and tree planting exhibitions were taken up.

Construction activities : Roads, new school buildings and shallow irrigation tubewells were constructed.

Health and Sanitation : New programmes like baby shows and physical culture for youth in new areas were organised. A campaign for eradication of communicable diseases was carried out. Nutrition education and feeding centres were started. Measures for improvement of milk distribution were taken.

Family Planning : Meetings and discussions on family planning were arranged.

Education : Debates and essay competitions were conducted in schools and colleges regarding Community Development and Independence of India during the Week. A campaign for removal of illiterary was launched. Social education through kirtans and folk songs was emphasised.

Other programmes : Special programmes for the weaker sections of the community like distribution of land among landless labourers, cloth distribution to weaker groups and evolving Jayanti Village complex for the weaker section were some of the other programmes implemented during the Week.

Voluntary Organisations

The voluntary organisations were actively involved in the celebrations, especially at the Block level.

Finances

Expenditure was met from Block funds and through local contributions. A provision of Rs. 200 was made by the State Government to a few selected Blocks.

General Assessment

The people in the rural areas joined in large numbers to celebrate the Week. Official members of Panchayati Raj and local institutions and the public in general evinced considerable interest in the programmes. An atmosphere of great jubilation and enthusiasm prevailed during the Week.

ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS

The Community Development Week was celebrated by arranging programmes in all the five Blocks which constitute the territory of Andaman and Nicobar Islands. No special Committee was set up.

Publicity Programme

Publicity arrangements for the celebration of the Week was made through local institutions and All India Radio.

Field Programmes

A brief description of the field programmes carried out during the Week is given below:

Agriculture and allied programmes : 5th October was observed as Agriculture Day and improved methods of cultivation were explained to the farmers. Special employment programme was also launched in the Blocks.

Village Industries : The rural masses were explained the benefits of village industries. Work centres for women were also started.

Cooperation : Cooperation Day was observed and debates on cooperation were held.

Health and Sanitation : Sanitation drives involving shramdan were organised in villages and school premises. Officers of the Health Department paid visits to the villages and explained the importance of sanitation.

Family Planning : Exhibition on Family Planning were organised and literature and contraceptives were freely distributed.

Nutrition : Snacks, UNICEF milk and vitamin tablets were distributed to children of Balwadi Centre.

Education : Balwadis and Adult Literacy centres were started. Essay and debating competitions for students were conducted and

prizes awarded. Prabhat Pheris, recitation from the scriptures, congregational prayers and devotional songs were performed by school children.

Other programmes : Apart from the above activities, programmes having bearing on youth welfare, community services, recreation etc. and special programmes for women and children were undertaken. Community services, like shramdan for the construction of village roads were also carried out.

Voluntary Organisations

Voluntary organisations like Mahila Mandals, Panchayats, Youth Clubs and village cooperatives participated in the observance of the Week.

Finances

A sum of Rs. 512 was spent out of Block budget for the celebration of the Week.

General Assessment

Public participation in the celebration was encouraging. Officers and members of Panchayati Raj institutions took active part in the programme. The Week provided an occasion for generating in the rural community a general awareness of the local problems and for stimulating initiative and dynamism to combat such problems. Self reliance among the rural community was emphasised.

CHANDIGARH

The Community Development Week was celebrated in the Union Territory of Chandigarh by organising a Community Development Mela in village Burail on 8th and 9th October, 1972. A variety of programmes were organised as part of the Mela. A summary of the important features of the Mela is given below:

Publicity Programmes

An exhibition with the cooperation of the various Departments was put up on the occasion. Private firms dealing in fertilisers and pesticides also took part in the exhibition. The exhibition was really impressive and instructive. Shri B. S. Ojha, Home Secretary, Chandigarh Administration inaugurated the exhibition. A large number of village folk, men, women and children were benefitted by this. The concluding function was presided over by the Chief Commissioner, Chandigarh Administration and was attended among others by the

Finance Secretary. The cultural programme was sponsored mainly by the radio artists. Both the Chief Commissioner and the Finance Secretary assured the local people that the Administration is very much alive to the needs of the village people. Chief Commissioner distributed prizes to the winners in the various events.

Field Programmes

Agriculture and allied activities : Young farmers, village progressive leaders, panches and sarpanches took part in the Seminar-cum-Farmers Training Camp organised at Burail on 9th October. It was inaugurated and addressed by Home Secretary, Chandigarh Administration. Besides, specialist of the Punjab Agricultural University, Ludhiana also addressed the seminar. A cattle show and a competition was also arranged in connection with the celebration. A good number of animals of various breeds was presented by the farmers for the competition. The best two cattle of each category were selected for award of prizes. A competition of agricultural produce was also held. A special Committee for selecting the best quality items was formed.

Health and Sanitation : A house cleanliness competition was arranged in Burail village. The panel of Judges was headed by the Medical Officer. Another interesting item was baby show which was open to all families in the Union Territory. The team of Judges under the guidance of the Medical Officer selected the best three babies for award of prizes.

Art and Craft Competition : A large number of craft articles showing embroidery work, silma, stitching, knitting and patch work etc. were put up for the arts and crafts competition. This was an interesting item of the celebration. It also aroused the spirit of healthy competition among the villagers.

General Assessment

The Community Development Week celebration in the Union Territory of Chandigarh succeeded in arousing the enthusiasm of the people. The exhibition, competitions and the Seminar cum Training Camp proved helpful in taking the message of Community Development to the people.

DADRA AND NAGAR HAVELI

A Committee was set up for the celebration of the Community Development Week. In chalking out the programmes for the Week due consideration was given to the proposals received from various officers. A brief account of the programmes carried out during the Week is given below:

Publicity Programmes

A film show was arranged during the Week at village Silvassa and Dadra.

Field Programmes

The field programmes covered agriculture, education, health and sanitation, family planning, culture etc.

Agriculture : A demonstration was arranged at agriculture farm at Silvassa. Farmers and Panchayat members took part in the demonstration. The demonstration threw light on high yielding varieties of paddy, cotton and green fodder grass.

Education : A variety of programmes were arranged in the various primary schools, high schools and social welfare hostels. Prabhat Pheri, display of national flag, mass spinning, essay competition, games and cultural programmes were the important items of the programme.

Health and Sanitation : The Sanitary Inspector visited various villages and explained to the villagers the necessity of sanitation and cleanliness. The special campaign for eradication of communicable and infectious diseases was inaugurated at a meeting at Khanuel.

Nutrition : During the week, Crash Nutrition Programme centres were opened at villages Pati, Rudana, Attola and Kakadfatia.

Cultural Programmes : Several cultural programmes were arranged in Primary Schools in which the local people also took part.

Community Service : Construction of drinking water well at Karad village and construction of approach road from Kharadpada to Luhari Road were undertaken during the Week.

Panchayat Shivir : On 8th October, a shivir was arranged in which members of the Varistha Panchayat and Village Panchayat took part. Various schemes and important functions of the Panchayat were explained.

Finances

The expenditure incurred for various types of functions was borne by the concerned departments.

General Assessment

Due significance was attached to the celebration of the Week. All sections of the people took part in the celebration. Panchayat members, village people, Bhajan Mandals and Primary and High School students played an important role for the success of the programme.

DELHI

The Delhi Administration chalked out a programme for the Week covering all important aspects of the Community Development movement. The programmes were carried out with great enthusiasm.

Various programmes/activities undertaken during the celebration of the Community Development Week are indicated below:—

Agriculture : Camps were conducted in various Blocks, where the farmers were acquainted with the modern techniques of farming.

Health : A camp was inaugurated by Ch. Mange Ram, Executive Councillor, Najafgarh Block, where 1,395 eye-patients were examined and 572 eye operations including 115 major ones were carried out.

Family Planning : Propagation of family planning in the Community Development Blocks was done through camps, exhibitions etc.

Nutrition : Demonstrations and exhibitions were organised. In one village, about 350 women took part in the preparation of nutritious diet. The villagers were acquainted with the necessity of nutritious diet.

Other Programmes : Sports, variety entertainment, baby shows, film shows, village sanitation, campaigns, exhibitions on plant protection and seeds, membership campaigns for cooperative societies, games, group discussions on social welfare and other community development programmes were some of the other activities undertaken during the Week. Shri Baij Nath Kureel, Union Minister, Irrigation and Power gave away the prizes to the winners in the Shahdara Block.

General Assessment

The Week was celebrated in the Union Territory with full enthusiasm and zeal. The public took considerable interest in the celebrations and participated in the programmes like family planning camps, demonstration of nutritious diet and Farmers' Training Camps which constituted the core of the celebration in Delhi.

GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

The Community Development Week was celebrated in the Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu with the active participation of village panchayats, non-official organisations and Government Departments. A Committee of Directions was set up with the Collector of Goa as the Chairman, Under Secretary (Dev.) as Member Secretary and officers of various departments as members. Flag hoisting ceremonies and public meetings at the Block and Panchayat levels marked the inauguration of the celebration.

Publicity Programmes

The programmes for the Community Development Week were given wide publicity through press, village level workers, panchayats etc. The All India Radio Station, Panaji broadcast the inaugural address made by the Minister for Development. A State level function was arranged on 8th October, which was presided over by Minister for Development. The Minister in his address, commended the role played by Panchayats in the success of the Community Development Programme and evaluated the changes that have come over in the shape of rural life, due to introduction of Community Development Blocks.

Field Programmes

A brief description of the various programmes undertaken during the Week is given below:

Agriculture : During the celebration of the Week, new programmes under Crash Scheme for Rural Employment were launched, while no efforts were spared in revitalising the Marginal Farmers and Agriculture Development Scheme, Applied Nutrition Programme and other existing programmes. Farmers' meetings were held and Agricultural officers addressed these meetings. Demonstrations on plant protection equipment were also held. Agricultural inputs like fertilisers, insecticides, good variety seeds, improved agriculture implements etc. were supplied to the needy farmers. Film shows on agriculture were held. Lectures on use of insecticides, good variety seeds, improved agriculture implements etc. were supplied to the needy farmers. Film shows on agriculture were held. Lectures on use of insecticides, compost pits and green revolution were delivered and crop competitions held.

Cooperation : Dairy Cooperative Societies were established with a view to ensuring adequate supply of milk to the pasteurisation plant of Phonda. Proposals for forming new dairy societies were initiated. A membership campaign was also organised so as to revitalise the existing cooperative societies.

Health and Sanitation : Cleanliness drive in village, cleaning of houses, preservation of food, dental clinic programmes and film shows on general sanitation were undertaken. Medical check up of rural children was also carried out.

Family Planning : Family Planning Camps were held at Primary Health Centre, Municipal Halls and Panchayat Offices. Tubectomy and Vassectomy operations were carried out and publicity material and contraceptives were distributed. Orientation Training Camp for Sarpanches, Gram Sevaks and field workers were held where training in techniques on family planning was imparted to them.

Nutrition : A nutrition shivir was organised. Lady teachers, Gram Sevikas, Nurses etc. participated therein. Lectures and group discussions were held on nutritious food. Cooking competitions were arranged for Balwadi Centres. Demonstration in baking was conducted. School gardens, kitchen garden and poultry farms were established under Applied Nutrition Programme.

Education : New village libraries and literacy classes were started. Essay and debating competitions were held for high school students and prizes were awarded to the best adjudged students. Youth welfare activities were also undertaken.

Recreation and Cultural activities : Sports, games and other cultural programmes were undertaken with the cooperation of the students and children of Balwadi Centres.

Other Programmes : In addition to these field programmes community services were carried out with the cooperation of public. Special programmes for women and children and weaker sections were arranged.

Voluntary Agencies

Various voluntary agencies actively took part in the celebration of the Week.

Finances

No specific budget provision was made for the Community Development Week celebrations. Contingent expenditures were met out of Block and Panchayat funds and by the Functional Committee for Family and Child Welfare Projects.

General Assessment

The celebration of the Week attracted the rural masses. The agriculturists, Sarpanches, Government officials, and members of Functional Committee of Family and Child Welfare Projects have contributed to a great extent to make the celebration a real success.

MIZORAM

The Community Development Programme could not be fully implemented in Mizoram due to the disturbed conditions which prevailed there for the last few years. Now the Programme is being revived and is gaining momentum. The third Community Development Week was celebrated at the Block level.

Publicity Programmes

Wide publicity was given through the local newspapers. A series of meetings were organised at the Block level.

Field Programmes

Agriculture : Discussions among farmers regarding the introduction of permanent and settled cultivation with a view to replacing the traditional "Jhum cultivation" were organised. Plans for the reclamation of low-lying areas were chalked out. Under soil conservation programme, terracing of hill slope were done for permanent cultivation.

Cooperation : Public meetings were held in various Block Headquarters in which the objects of various types of cooperative societies and the movement were explained to the people. Four new Cooperative Societies were registered.

Nutrition : Hundred Nutrition Centres were opened in the existing nine Community Development Blocks where milk and other protein-rich food were distributed to pre-school children.

Education : All the educational institutions participated in the observance of the Week. They organised programmes like discussions, debates, cleanliness drives etc.

Social Education : Group discussions and programmes to highlight the social evils were organised. Works for the construction of school playgrounds were undertaken.

Voluntary Agencies

Various non-official organisations like Young Mizo Associations, cultural clubs and dramatical parties were associated with the programmes of the Week enthusiastically.

Finances

No separate allotment of funds was made and programmes were mostly organised on the basis of self-help.

General Assessment

The Community Development Week's celebration attracted the rural masses. The cooperation of the people and officials made the celebration a success.

PONDICHERRY

The third Community Development Week was celebrated with enthusiasm in all the Community Development Blocks in this Union Territory by undertaking activities in almost all fields as contemplated in the scheme. Functions were held at various places. The Home Minister, Health Minister and the Administrator of the outlaying areas participated in these functions and stressed the importance of the celebration of the Week. Details of programmes are given below:—

Agriculture and allied Programmes : A radio talk was delivered by the Project Officer (Small Farmers) for propagating the Marginal Farmers and Agricultural Labourers Development Agency scheme. 85 milch animals were purchased and distributed for the first time to marginal farmers in Karaikal region under the Project during the Community Development Week. Agricultural implements such as ploughs and spades were given to artisans. Pattas were distributed to 74 Homeless Harijans in Cozhiapattu, Manalvedu and Keechavanjurpet villages by the Minister for Public Works. The Home Minister of the Administration also participated in the function.

Rural Employment : Construction of new roads was taken during the Community Development Week under Crash Schemes for Rural Employment.

Cooperation : Pondicherry State Cooperative Bank and the Extension Officers in the Community Development Block initiated drives for enrolling members of the cooperative societies, held discussions and meetings of cooperatives at the village level and conducted educational programmes for members during the Community Development Week. The village cooperatives assisted in securing public cooperation for Community Development Programme and in intensifying cooperative activities in the Block areas during the Week.

Health and Sanitation : A procession consisting of Mayor of Karaikal, Municipal staff, Block staff and members of public was taken to a Harijan village where street cleaning was organised. Clean House competitions and baby shows were conducted. A public meeting was held and prizes were awarded. Distribution of food packets and sweets were also made. The residents of the Harijan village were taught the need for keeping themselves, their houses and surroundings clean and tidy.

Public meetings were arranged and talks delivered in various Health Centres in Pondicherry, Karaikal, Mahe and Yenam in collaboration with local leaders to let the people know the diagnosis, and various features of the disease. In addition, the field workers of the Leprosy Control Programme also conducted an intensive follow up during the

Week and contacted all the Leprosy patients who are not coming forward for treatment in order to impress upon them necessity and usefulness of getting continuous treatment.

Education : In order to popularise the Community Development activities group meetings were held in many villages. Packets of sweets were distributed to Balwadi children in the Blocks. Community Recreation Centres were opened, elocution competitions were held and students participated in shramdan work in their playgrounds.

Finances

No special funds were provided for the Week. The expenditure was met out of Block Funds.

General Assessment

The celebration of Community Development Week attracted the rural masses and the people participated enthusiastically in the activities.

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